

Version 1

Revision Date 07.04.2009 Print Date 07.04.2009

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product name : GRAMOXONE

Design Code : A3879GN

Use : Herbicide

Company : Syngenta Crop Protection AG

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Very toxic



Dangerous for the environment

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

May be corrosive to metals.

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful in contact with skin.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage.

Fatal if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	EC-No.	Symbol(s)	R-phrase(s)	Concentration
paraquat dichloride	1910-42-5	217-615-7	T+, N	R24/25 R26 R36/37/38 R48/25 R50/53	25.7 % W/W
benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, sodium salt	85117-50-6	285-600-2	Xi	R38 R41	5 - 10 % W/W

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amines, C13-15- alkyl, ethoxylated	70955-14-5		Xn	R22 R38 R41	1 - W/W	5 %
[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidin-5(4H)-one, 2-amino-6-methyl-4-propyl-	27277-00-5	248-383-5	Т	R25	0 - W/W	1 %
pyridine, alkyl derives	68391-11-7	269-929-9	Xn	R10 R20/21/22	0 - W/W	1 %

^{*} Substances for which there are Community workplace exposure limits. For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Have the product container, label or Material Safety Data

Sheet with you when calling the Syngenta emergency number, a poison control center or physician, or going for treatment.

Inhalation : Move the victim to fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial

respiration.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

Call a physician or Poison Control Centre immediately.

Skin contact: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion : SPEED IS ESSENTIAL.

Immediate medical attention is required.

If available, give an adsorbent such as activated charcoal,

bentonite or Fullers Earth.

Symptoms : inflammation of the mouth, throat and oesophagus

Gastrointestinal discomfort

Diarrhoea

Medical advice : Refer to the booklet 'Paraguat Poisoning. A Practical Guide to

Diagnosis, First Aid and Hospital Treatment'

(www.syngenta.com/pqmedguide/).

Administer either activated charcoal (100g for adults or

2g/kgbody weight in children) or Fuller's Earth (15% solution; 1

litre for adults or 15ml/kg body weight in children).

NOTE: The use of gastric lavage without administration of an

adsorbent has not shown any clinical benefit.

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Do not use supplemental oxygen.

Eye splashes from concentrated material should be treated by

an eye specialist after initial treatment.

With the possibility of late onset corneal ulceration it is advised that patients with paraguat eye injuries are reviewed by an eye

specialist the day after first presentation.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing

media

Extinguishing media - small fires

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media - large fires

Alcohol-resistant foam

or

Water spray

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

Specific hazards during

fire fighting

As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products

of combustion (see section 10).

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

Special protective equipment for fire-

fighters

: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing

apparatus.

Further information : Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Methods for cleaning up Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible

> absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13).

Additional advice : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

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7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

Spray solutions should not be mixed, stored or applied in containers other than plastic, plastic-lined steel, stainless steel

or fiberglass.

STORAGE

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated

place.

Keep out of the reach of children.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	Exposure limit(s)		Type of exposure limit	Source
paraquat dichloride	0.08 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	Respirable dust	8 h TWA 8 h TWA	UK HSE ACGIH
[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- a]pyrimidin-5(4H)- one, 2-amino-6- methyl-4-propyl-	0.02 mg/m3		8 h TWA	SYNGENTA
pyridine, alkyl derives	5 mg/m3	Skin	8 h TWA	SYNGENTA

ENGINEERING MEASURES

Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated.

The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use.

If airborne mists or vapors are generated, use local exhaust ventilation controls.

Assess exposure and use any additional measures to keep airborne levels below any relevant exposure limit.

Seek additional occupational hygiene advice.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Protective measures : The use of technical measures should always have priority

over the use of personal protective equipment. When selecting personal protective equipment, seek

appropriate professional advice.

Personal protective equipment should be certified to

appropriate standards.

Respiratory protection : A particulate filter respirator may be necessary until effective

technical measures are installed.

Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in cases of

emergency spills, when exposure levels are unknown, or under any circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not

provide adequate protection.

Hand protection : Chemical resistant gloves should be used.

Gloves should be certified to an appropriate standard. Gloves should have a minimum breakthrough time that is

appropriate to the duration of exposure.

The breakthrough time of gloves varies according to the

thickness, material and manufacturer.

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Suitable material Nitrile rubber

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Eye protection : If eye contact is possible, use tight-fitting chemical safety

goggles and a face shield.

Skin and body protection : Assess the exposure and select chemical resistant clothing

based on the potential for contact and the permeation / penetration characteristics of the clothing material.

Wash with soap and water after removing protective clothing. Decontaminate clothing before re-use, or use disposable

equipment (suits, aprons, sleeves, boots, etc.)

Wear as appropriate: impervious protective suit

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form : liquid

Colour : green to dark green

pH : 5 - 9 at 1 % w/v

Flash point : > 103 °C at 102.4 kPa Pensky-Martens c.c.

Oxidizing properties : not oxidizing

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Density : 1.073 g/cm3

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Materials to avoid : Aluminium

Mild steel Iron

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Combustion or thermal decomposition will evolve toxic and

irritant vapors.

Hazardous reactions : Corrosive in contact with metals

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 male Rat, 707 mg/kg

: LD50 female Rat, 612 mg/kg

GHS-Classification

Category 4

The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar

composition.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 Rat, 3.2 - 8.6 µg/l, 4 h

GHS-Classification

Category 1

Derived from components.

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.

Irritating to respiratory system.

Nose bleeding and soreness of the throat may result from

spray mist or dust trapped on the nasal mucosa.

GHS-Classification

Category 3

Derived from components.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 female Rat, 735 mg/kg

LD50 male Rat, 590 mg/kg

GHS-Classification

Category 4

The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar

composition.

Skin irritation : Rabbit: Severely Irritating

GHS-Classification

Category 2

The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar

composition.

Eye irritation : Rabbit: Moderately irritating

GHS-Classification

Category 1

The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar

composition.

Sensitisation : guinea pig: Not a skin sensitizer in animal tests.

GHS-Classification

None

The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar

composition.

Long term toxicity

paraquat dichloride : Did not show carcinogenic, teratogenic or mutagenic effects in

animal experiments.

: Ocular effects (cataracts) have been reported following long

term oral exposure of laboratory animals.

[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-

a]pyrimidin-5(4H)-one, 2-amino-6-methyl-4-propyl-

Did not show carcinogenic, teratogenic or mutagenic effects in

animal experiments.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ELIMINATION INFORMATION (PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY)

Bioaccumulation : Paraquat does not bioaccumulate.

Stability in water : Degradation half life: > 30 d

Paraquat is persistent in water.

Stability in soil : Degradation half life : ca. 20 y

Paraquat is persistent in soil.

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Mobility : Paraquat is immobile in soil.

ECOTOXICITY EFFECTS

Toxicity to fish : LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 8.3 mg/l , 96 h

GHS-Classification

Category 2

Based on test results obtained with similar product.

Toxicity to daphnia and

other aquatic invertebrates.

: EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea), 6 mg/l, 48 h

GHS-Classification

Category 2

Derived from components.

Toxicity to algae : EbC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 0.11

mg/l, 72 h

: ErC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 0.34

mg/l, 72 h

GHS-Classification

Category 1

Based on test results obtained with similar product.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product : Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical

or used container.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or

incineration.

If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with

local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Triple rinse containers.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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Land transport

ADR/RID:

UN-Number: 2922 Class: 8 Labels: 8, 6.1 Packaging group III

Proper shipping name : CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

(PARAQUAT DICHLORIDE)

Sea transport

IMDG:

UN-Number: 2922
Class: 8
Labels: 8, 6.1
Sub-risks: 6.1
Packaging group: III

Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

(PARAQUAT DICHLORIDE)

Marine pollutant : Marine pollutant

Air transport

IATA-DGR

UN-Number: 2922
Class: 8
Labels: 8, 6.1
Sub-risks: 6.1
Packaging group: III

Proper shipping name : CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

(PARAQUAT DICHLORIDE)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Labelling according to EC Directives

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

paraquat dichloride

Symbol(s) : T+ Very toxic

N Dangerous for the environment

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R-phrase(s) : R21/22 Harmful in contact with skin and if

swallowed.

R26 Very toxic by inhalation.

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and

skin

R48/25 Toxic: danger of serious damage to health

by prolonged exposure if swallowed.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause

long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

S-phrase(s) : S 2 Keep out of the reach of children.

S13 Keep away from food, drink and animal

feedingstuffs.

S20/21 When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

S35 This material and its container must be

disposed of in a safe way.

S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and

gloves.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell,

seek medical advice immediately (show the

label where possible).

S57 Use appropriate container to avoid

environmental contamination.

Note : The product is classified and labelled in accordance with

Directive 1999/45/EC.

GHS-Labelling

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), 2nd revised edition

Pictogram









Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H372 Causes damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

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Precautionary Statements: P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P270 Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this

product.

P261 Avoid breathing

dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective

clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and

water

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep

at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with

water for several minuts. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsina.

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel

unwell.

P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material

damage.

P391 Collect spillage.

Remarks : Classified using all GHS hazard classes and categories. Where

the GHS contains options, the most conservative option has been chosen. Regional or national implementations of GHS may not implement all hazard classes and categories.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

paraquat dichloride

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Text of R-phrases mentioned in Section 3:

R10 Flammable.

R20/21/22 Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R24/25 Toxic in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R25 Toxic if swallowed.
R26 Very toxic by inhalation.

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R38 Irritating to skin.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R48/25 Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if

swallowed.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects

in the aquatic environment.

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Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

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