



# Material Safety Data Sheet

Dow AgroSciences Canada Inc.

**Product Name:** Dithane\* DG Rainshield\* NT Fungicide

**Issue Date:** 2011.08.10

Dow AgroSciences Canada Inc. encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

## 1. Product and Company Identification

**Product Name**

Dithane\* DG Rainshield\* NT Fungicide

**COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Dow AgroSciences Canada Inc.  
A Subsidiary of The Dow Chemical Company  
Suite 2100, 450 1<sup>st</sup> Street SW,  
Calgary, AB T2P 5H1  
Canada

**For MSDS updates and Product Information:** 800-667-3852

**Prepared By:** Prepared for use in Canada by EH&S, Hazard Communications.  
**Revision** 2011.08.10

**Customer Information Number:** 800-667-3852  
[solutions@dow.com](mailto:solutions@dow.com)

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 613-996-6666  
**Local Emergency Contact:** 613-996-6666

## 2. Hazards Identification

**Emergency Overview**

**Color:** Yellow to brown  
**Physical State:** Granules  
**Odor:** Sulfur-like  
**Hazards of product:**

**WARNING!** May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause eye irritation. May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation. May form explosive dust-air mixture. Isolate area. Keep upwind of spill. Slipping hazard. Highly toxic to fish and/or other aquatic organisms.

**Potential Health Effects**

**Eye Contact:** May cause slight eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely.

**Skin Contact:** Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

**Skin Absorption:** Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

**Skin Sensitization:** A component in this mixture has caused allergic skin reactions in humans.

Contains component(s) which have caused allergic skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

**Inhalation:** Prolonged excessive exposure to dust may cause adverse effects. Dust may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs.

**Respiratory Sensitization:** For the minor component(s): May cause allergic respiratory response in a small proportion of individuals. Asthma-like symptoms may include coughing, difficult breathing and a feeling of tightness in the chest. Occasionally, breathing difficulties may be life threatening.

**Ingestion:** Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

**Aspiration hazard:** Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**Effects of Repeated Exposure:** For the active ingredient(s): In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Thyroid. Liver.

**Cancer Information:** For the active ingredient(s): Mancozeb. Has caused cancer at high doses in laboratory rats.

**Birth Defects/Developmental Effects:** For the active ingredient(s): Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals only at doses toxic to the mother. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

**3. Composition/information on ingredients**

Component	CAS #	Amount W/W
Mancozeb	8018-01-7	75.0 %
Hexamethylenetetramine	100-97-0	2.7 %
Balance	Not available	22.3 %

Amounts are presented as percentages by weight.

**4. First-aid measures****Description of first aid measures**

**General advice:** First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel.

**Skin Contact:** Take off contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Wash clothing before reuse. Shoes and other leather items which cannot be decontaminated should be disposed of properly. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

**Eye Contact:** Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

**Ingestion:** No emergency medical treatment necessary.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), no additional symptoms and effects are anticipated.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. May cause respiratory sensitization or asthma-like symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants and antitussives may be of help. Treat bronchospasm with inhaled beta2 agonist and oral or parenteral corticosteroids. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome). Repeated excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting lung disease.

**5. Fire Fighting Measures****Suitable extinguishing media**

Water. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.

**Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Sulfur oxides. Hydrogen sulfide. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Nitrogen oxides.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. Do not permit dust to accumulate. When suspended in air dust can pose an explosion hazard. Minimize ignition sources. If dust layers are exposed to elevated temperatures, spontaneous combustion may occur.

**Advice for firefighters**

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Consider feasibility of a controlled burn to minimize environment damage. Foam fire extinguishing system is preferred because uncontrolled water can spread possible contamination. Soak thoroughly with water to cool and prevent re-ignition. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container. Hand held dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguishers may be used for small fires. Dust explosion hazard may result from forceful application of fire extinguishing agents. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

**Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

See Section 9 for related Physical Properties

**6. Accidental Release Measures**

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Keep upwind of spill. Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Refer to Section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

## 7. Handling and Storage

### Handling

**General Handling:** Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Good housekeeping and controlling of dusts are necessary for safe handling of product. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

### Storage

Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

### Exposure Limits

Component	List	Type	Value
Mancozeb	OEL (QUE)	TWA Dust. as Mn	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	AIHA WEEL	TWA Total dust. as ethylenebisdi thiocarbamat e	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> D-SEN
	OEL (QUE)	TWA Dust. as Mn	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Hexamethylenetetramine	CAD ON OEL	STEV	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.35 ppm

*Consult local authorities for recommended exposure limits.*

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

A D-SEN notation following the exposure guideline refers to the potential to produce dermal sensitization, as confirmed by human or animal data.

### Personal Protection

**Eye/Face Protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields).

**Skin Protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Hand protection:** Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Respiratory Protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air

will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

**Ingestion:** Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

#### Engineering Controls

**Ventilation:** Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

### Appearance

Physical State	Granules
Color	Yellow to brown
Odor	Sulfur-like
Odor Threshold	No test data available
pH	7.2 (@ 1.0 %) <i>pH Electrode</i> (1% aqueous suspension)
Melting Point	No test data available
Freezing Point	Not applicable
Boiling Point (760 mmHg)	Not applicable
Flash Point - Closed Cup	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	No
Flammable Limits In Air	<b>Lower:</b> Not applicable <b>Upper:</b> Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	Not applicable
Vapor Density (air = 1)	Not applicable
Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1)	No test data available
Solubility in water (by weight)	No test data available
Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log <i>P<sub>ow</sub></i> )	No data available for this product. See Section 12 for individual component data.
Autoignition Temperature	144.0 °C
Decomposition Temperature	No test data available
Explosive properties	No <i>EEC A14</i>
Oxidizing properties	No <i>EU Method A.17 (Oxidizing Properties (Solids))</i>
Bulk Density	0.55 g/ml <i>Loose Volumetric</i>

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

### Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### Chemical stability

Unstable at elevated temperatures.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Active ingredient decomposes at elevated temperatures. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems. Avoid static discharge.

**Incompatible Materials:** Avoid contact with: Acids. Oxidizers.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Hydrogen sulfide. Sulfur oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Toxic gases are released during decomposition.

**11. Toxicological Information****Acute Toxicity****Ingestion**

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

For the active ingredient(s): LD50, Rat > 5,000 mg/kg

**Dermal**

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

For the active ingredient(s): LD50, Rabbit > 5,000 mg/kg

**Inhalation**

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

For the active ingredient(s): LC50, Dust., Rat > 5.14 mg/l

**Eye damage/eye irritation**

May cause slight eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

**Sensitization****Skin**

A component in this mixture has caused allergic skin reactions in humans. Contains component(s) which have caused allergic skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

**Respiratory**

For the minor component(s): May cause allergic respiratory response in a small proportion of individuals. Asthma-like symptoms may include coughing, difficult breathing and a feeling of tightness in the chest. Occasionally, breathing difficulties may be life threatening.

**Repeated Dose Toxicity**

For the active ingredient(s): In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Thyroid. Liver.

**Chronic Toxicity and Carcinogenicity**

For the active ingredient(s): Mancozeb. Has caused cancer at high doses in laboratory rats.

**Developmental Toxicity**

For the active ingredient(s): Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals only at doses toxic to the mother. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

**Reproductive Toxicity**

For the active ingredient(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

**Genetic Toxicology**

For the active ingredient(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were predominantly negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

**12. Ecological Information****Toxicity**

Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

**Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity**

LC50, common carp (Cyprinus carpio), static, 96 h: 5.1 mg/l

**Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity**

EC50, water flea Daphnia magna, flow-through, 48 h, immobilization: 4.23 mg/l

**Aquatic Plant Toxicity**

ErC50, green alga *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (formerly known as *Selenastrum capricornutum*), static, Growth rate inhibition, 72 h: 0.150 mg/l

**Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms**

contact LD50, Honey bee (*Apis mellifera*): > 100 micrograms/bee

**Persistence and Degradability**Data for Component: **Mancozeb**

Degradation is expected in the soil environment within days to weeks. Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

**Stability in Water (1/2-life):**

17 h; pH 7

**Indirect Photodegradation with OH Radicals**

Rate Constant	Atmospheric Half-life	Method
2.1237E-10 cm <sup>3</sup> /s	0.05 d	Estimated.

Data for Component: **Hexamethylenetetramine**

Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

**OECD Biodegradation Tests:**

Biodegradation	Exposure Time	Method	10 Day Window
54 - 97 %	28 d	OECD 301C Test	Not applicable

**Bioaccumulative potential**Data for Component: **Mancozeb**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow):** 1.33 Estimated.

**Bioconcentration Factor (BCF):** 2.1 - 3.1; Estimated.

Data for Component: **Hexamethylenetetramine**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow):** -4.15 Estimated.

**Mobility in soil**Data for Component: **Mancozeb**

**Mobility in soil:** Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 and 2000).

**Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc):** 1,000 Estimated.

**Henry's Law Constant (H):** 4.6E-09 atm\*m<sup>3</sup>/mole; 25 °C Estimated.

Data for Component: **Hexamethylenetetramine**

**Mobility in soil:** Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc):** < 1 Estimated.

**Henry's Law Constant (H):** 5.36E-10 atm\*m<sup>3</sup>/mole; 25 °C Estimated.

**13. Disposal Considerations**

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

**14. Transport Information****TDG Small container****Proper Shipping Name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, SOLID, N.O.S.**Technical Name:** MANCOZEB**Hazard Class:** 9 **ID Number:** UN3077 **Packing Group:** PG III**TDG Large container****Proper Shipping Name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, SOLID, N.O.S.**Technical Name:** MANCOZEB**Hazard Class:** 9 **ID Number:** UN3077 **Packing Group:** PG III**IMDG****Proper Shipping Name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, SOLID, N.O.S.**Technical Name:** MANCOZEB**Hazard Class:** 9 **ID Number:** UN3077 **Packing Group:** PG III**EMS Number:** F-A,S-F**Marine pollutant.:** Yes**ICAO/IATA****Proper Shipping Name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, SOLID, N.O.S.**Technical Name:** MANCOZEB**Hazard Class:** 9 **ID Number:** UN3077 **Packing Group:** PG III**Cargo Packing Instruction:** 956**Passenger Packing Instruction:** 956**15. Regulatory Information****CEPA - Domestic Substances List (DSL)**

All substances contained in this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed.

**Hazardous Products Act Information: CPR Compliance**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

**Hazardous Products Act Information: WHMIS Classification**

This product is exempt under WHMIS.

**Pest Control Products Act Registration number:** 20553**National Fire Code of Canada**

Not applicable

**16. Other Information****Hazard Rating System****NFPA****Health****Fire****Reactivity**

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**Recommended Uses and Restrictions**

Product use: End use fungicide product



**Revision**

Identification Number: 1053642 / 1023 / Issue Date 2011.08.10 / Version: 1.0

DAS Code: GF-894

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

**Legend**

N/A	Not available
W/W	Weight/Weight
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
TWA	Time Weighted Average
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc.
DOW IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
WEEL	Workplace Environmental Exposure Level
HAZ DES	Hazard Designation
VOL/VOL	Volume/Volume

*Dow AgroSciences Canada Inc. urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.*

